

Date: Dec. 10, 2002

Name: MIDTERM

Course: EECE 471E

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Signature: _____

1)

$$r = 0.1091 \Omega/\text{km}$$

a)

$$l = 2 \times 10^{-7} \ln \frac{D}{R_b} = 2 \times 10^{-7} \ln \frac{7.56}{0.0491} = 2 \times 10^{-7} \times 5.039 = 10.08 \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/km}$$

$$D = \sqrt[3]{6 \times 6 \times 12} = 7.56$$

$$R_b = \sqrt{8.024 \times 300} = 49.06 \text{ mm} = 0.0491 \text{ m}$$

$$r = 10.3 e^{-\frac{1}{4}} = 8.024$$

radius

$$\gamma_e = 10.08 \times 314.2 \times 10^{-7} = 0.317 \Omega/\text{km}$$

$$C = \frac{2\pi \times 8.854 \times 10^{-12}}{\ln \frac{7.56}{\sqrt{10.3 \times 300}}} = 11.33 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}$$

4.91

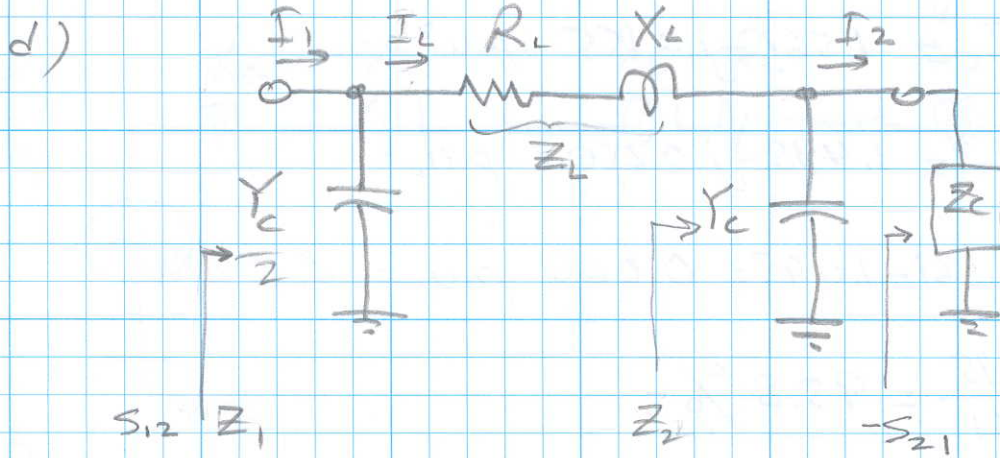
$$Y_c = 314.2 \times 11.33 \times 10^{-12} \times 10^3 = 3.56 \mu\text{S/km}$$

$$b) \quad z = 0.1091 + j0.317 = 0.335 \angle 71^\circ$$

$$y = j3.56 \times 10^{-6} = 3.56 \times 10^{-6} \angle 90^\circ$$

$$\gamma = \sqrt{(0.335 \angle 71^\circ)(3.56 \times 10^{-6} \angle 90^\circ)} = 1.09 \times 10^{-3} \angle 80.5^\circ$$

$$c) \quad Z_c = \sqrt{\frac{z}{y}} = \frac{0.335 \angle 71^\circ}{3.56 \times 10^{-6} \angle 90^\circ} = 306 \angle -9.5^\circ \Omega$$



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$$Z_b = \frac{(220)^2}{100} = 484 \Omega$$

$$R_L = \frac{0.1091 \times 120}{484 \times 2} = 0.027 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$R + jX = 0.083 \angle 71^\circ$$

$$X_L = \frac{0.317 \times 120}{484} = 0.0786 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$\frac{Y_C}{2} = \frac{3.56 \times 10^{-6} \times 120 \times 484}{2} = 0.1034 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$Z_C = \frac{306 \angle -9.5^\circ}{484} = 0.632 \angle -9.5^\circ = 0.6233 - j0.1043$$

$$e) \quad Y_2 = \frac{Y_C}{2} + (Z_C)^{-1} = (j0.1034) + (0.623 - j0.104)^{-1} = 1.562 + j0.364$$

$$Z_2 = (Y_2)^{-1} = 0.607 - j0.142$$

$$V_2 = V_1 \times Z_2 / (Z_2 + Z_L) = 0.97 - j0.127 = 0.978 \angle -7.5^\circ$$

$$I_2 = V_2 / Z_C = 1.548 + j0.0547 = 1.549 \angle 2.024^\circ$$

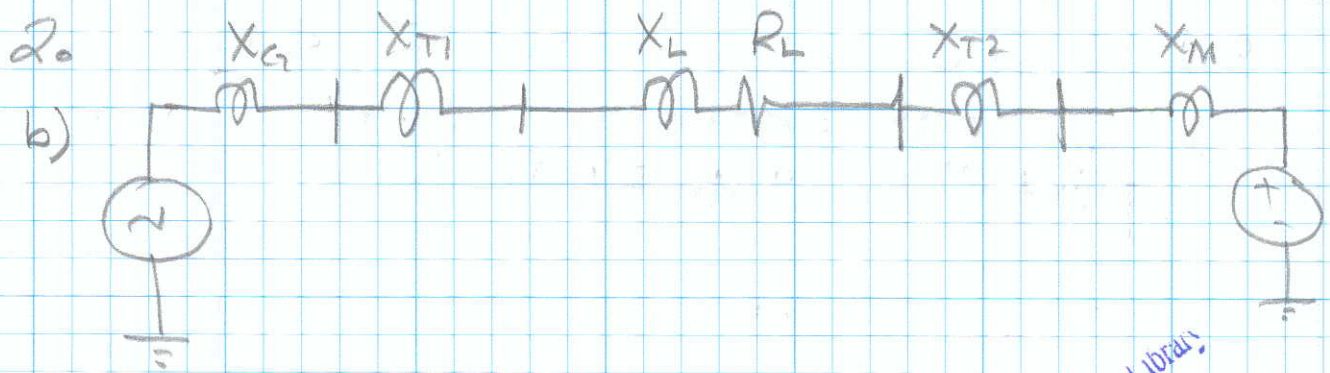
$$I_1 = (V_1 - V_2) / Z_L = 1.561 + j0.155 = 1.569 \angle 5.66^\circ$$

$$S_{12} = V_1 I_1^* = 1.561 - j0.155 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$-S_{21} = V_2 I_2^* = 1.495 - j0.250 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$P_{\text{Loss}} = 1.561 - 1.495 = 0.066 \text{ p.u.} = 6.6 \text{ MW}$$

$$\eta = \frac{1.495}{1.561} = 95.8\%$$



b)

$$MVA_B = 50 \text{ MVA.}$$

$$X_G = 0.12 \text{ p.u. no change}$$

$$X_{T1} = X_{T1}^0 \frac{Z_B^0}{Z_B^n} = X_{T1}^0 \frac{(KV_B)^2}{MVA_B^0} \times \frac{MVA_B^n}{(KV_B)^2} = 0.1 \times \frac{50}{60} = 0.083 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$X_L = \frac{120}{(115)^2} \times 50 = 0.4536 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$R_L = \frac{24 \times 50}{(115)^2} = \frac{24}{264.5} = 0.09073 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$X_{T2} = 0.12 \times \frac{50}{40} = 0.15 \text{ p.u.}$$

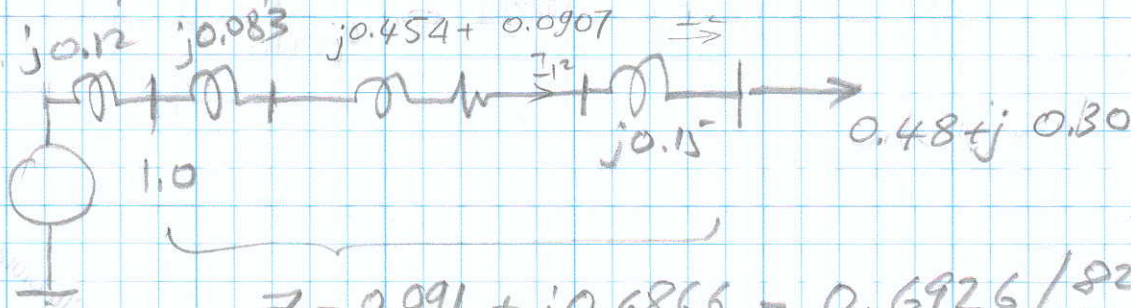
$$X_M = 0.08 \times \frac{50}{10} = 0.4 \text{ p.u. for each Motor}$$

$$X_{MT} = 0.1333 \text{ p.u. equivalent for all motors.}$$

a)

Base	Gen	Line	Motor
V_B (kV)	13	115	11
S_B (MVA)	50	50	50
I_B (kA)	2.22	0.251	2.624
Z_B (Ω)	3.38	264.5	2.42

c) $V_G = 1.0 \text{ p.u.}$



$$Z = 0.091 + j0.6866 = 0.6926 \angle 82.45^\circ$$

$$Y = 0.190 - j1.43$$

i) $-S_{21} = V_2 I_2^* = 0.48 + j0.30$ but $I_2 = (V_1 - V_2) Y \Rightarrow$
 $= V_2 (V_1^* - V_2^*) Y^* = (V_2 V_1^* - |V_2|^2) Y^* = 0.48 + j0.3 \Rightarrow$

$$(V_2 (\cos \theta_{21} + j \sin \theta_{21}) - V_2^2) (0.19 + j1.43) = 0.48 + j0.3$$

Real part is: $(V_2 \cos \theta_{21} - V_2^2) \times 0.19 - V_2 \times 1.43 \sin \theta_{21} = 0.48$ *

Imaginary: $(V_2 \cos \theta_{21} - V_2^2) \times 1.43 + V_2 \times 0.19 \sin \theta_{21} = 0.3$

This is a non-linear system of 2 equations in 2 unknowns to be solved by iterations.

ii) Model motor as an impedance: $Z_m = 1 / (0.48 - j0.3) = 0.848 + j0.53$

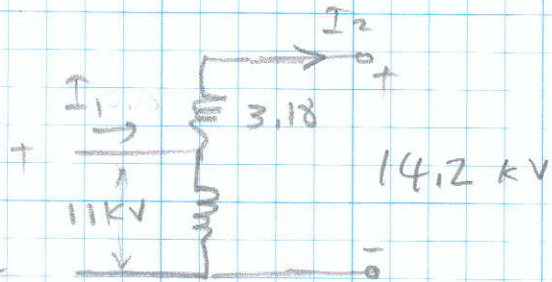
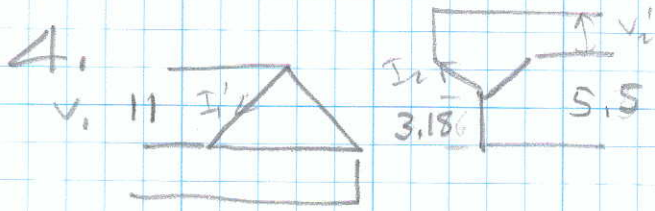
$$V_2 = V_1 Z_m / (Z + Z_m) = 0.61 - j0.226 = 0.651 \angle -20.3^\circ$$

$$I_1 = I_2 = V_1 / (Z + Z_m) = 1 / (0.939 + j1.217) = 0.397 - j0.515$$

$$S_1 = V_1 I_1^* = 0.397 + j0.515 \text{ p.u.}$$

$$S_1 = S_1 (\text{p.u.}) \cdot S_{\text{Base}} = 19.87 + j25.75$$

It can also be solved using The Circle Diagram as explained in Midterm of 2001.



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Current ratings:

$$I_2 = \frac{500}{5.5 \times \sqrt{3}} = 52.5 \text{ A.}$$

$$V_1 I_1' = \frac{V_2'}{\sqrt{3}} I_2 \Rightarrow I_1' = \frac{V_2'}{\sqrt{3} V_1} \times I_2 = \frac{5.5}{\sqrt{3} \times 11} \times 52.5 = 15.15 \text{ A.}$$

$$\therefore I_1 = 15.15 + 52.5 = 67.66 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{KVA} = 2233 \text{ KVA.}$$